KSI							
Autumn I	Autumn 2	Spring I	Spring 2	Summer I	Summer 2		
Living things and their habitats	Seasonal change - recording the weather	Everyday materials		Plants - naming plants, parts of a plant	Animals inc humans - basic needs, offspring, lifecycles		
	Significant scient	ists - https://www.dkfin	dout.com/uk/science/fa	amous-scientists/			
Dawood Qureshi		Chester Greenwood		Maria Sibylla Merian	Florence Nightingale &		
(marine biologist)		(inventor of earmuffs)		(scientific illustrator)	Mary Seacole		
Dawood Qureshi -		, ,		Link to Natural History	(nurses and founders of		
<u>marine biologist</u>				<u>Museum</u>	modern nursing)		
	,	Enqu	iries				
Pattern seeking	Comparative testing	Research		Comparative testing	Comparative testing		
Which habitat do	In which season does it	Which materials can be recycled?		Which tree has the	What is the best way to		
worms prefer – where	rain the most? (plan in			biggest leaves?	wash your hands?		
can we find the most	as seasons change)	Observing over time					
worms?		What happens to materials over time if we bury			Identifying and		
	Identifying and	them in the ground?			classifying		
	classifying				Which offspring		
	, .	How would you group			belongs to which		
	these things based on				animal?		
	which season you are						
	most likely to see them						
	in?						
	Observing over time						
	How does the oak tree						
	(in the carpark) change						
	over the year?						

LKS2						
Autumn I	Autumn 2	Spring I	Spring 2	Summer I	Summer 2	
Animals inc humans	Sound	Rocks		Living things and their	Forces and magnets	
Skeleton and muscles				habitats		
Significant scientists - https://www.dkfindout.com/uk/science/famous-scientists/						
Marie Curie	Isaac Newton	Dr Anjana Khatwa		Kelsey Archer Barnhill	Leonardo Da Vinci	
(invented first mobile x-	(measured the speed of	(Earth scientist)		(Deep sea ecologist)	(compared friction on	
ray machine)	sound)				different surfaces)	
Enquiries						
Comparative testing	Comparative testing	Research		Fair testing	Pattern seeking	
How does the skull	Are two ears better	Who was Mary Anning		Does the amount of	Does the size and	
circumference of a girl	than one?	and what did she		light affect how many	shape of a magnet affect	
compare with that of a		discover?		woodlice move around?	how strong it is?	
boy?	Fair testing					
	How does the volume	Observing over time			Identifying and	
Identifying and	of a drum change as	How does tumbling			classifying	
classifying	you move further away	change a rock over			Which materials are	
How do the skeletons	from it?	time?			magnetic?	
of different animals compare?						
•						

UKS2						
Autumn I	Autumn 2	Spring I	Spring 2	Summer I	Summer 2	
Forces	Earth and space	Living things and habitats - lifecycles	Animals inc humans - development into old	Light		
		masicaes mee/eres	age			
	Significant scier	ntist - https://www.dkfin		mous-scientists/		
Archimedes	Nicolaus Copernicus	Jane Goodall	Professor Robert	Alhazen		
(developed theories	(Astronomer who	(conservationist who	Winston	(the father of optics)		
about pulleys and	developed the theory	studies chimpanzees)	(professor of fertility	, ,		
levers)	that the Sun was at the	, ,	studies)	Ibn Sahl		
,	centre of the Solar		,	(observed the paths of		
Sir Isaac Newton	System around which			rays of light as they		
	the planets orbited)			reflected off different		
				mirrors)		
	Katherine Johnson -					
	first black woman to					
	work for NASA.					
	She developed					
	calculations that helped					
	the US launch its first					
	astronaut into space in					
	1961 and safely land					
	Apollo 11 on the moon					
	in 1969.					
		Enqu	uiries			
Comparative testing	Ideas over time	Research	Observing over time	Fair testing		
Which shape parachute	How have our ideas	What are the	How do different	How does the angle		
akes the longest to fall?	about the solar system	differences between the	animal embryos change?	that a light ray hits a		
-	changed over time?	life cycle of an insect		plane mirror affect the		
Fair test		and a mammal?		angle at which it		
				reflects off the surface?		

How does the surface	Ider	tifying and		
area of a container	c	assifying		
affect the time it takes	Compai	e this collection		
to sink?	of ani	mals based on		
	sim	larities and		
	differ	ences in their		
		ifecycle.		